World War II (1939-1945)

Events & Effects

By: Marleny Ramirez

The beginning of WWII

- Sermans signed Nazi-Soviet Pact (1939)
 - -Agreement of no interference between Germany & Soviet Union
- Sermany & Russia

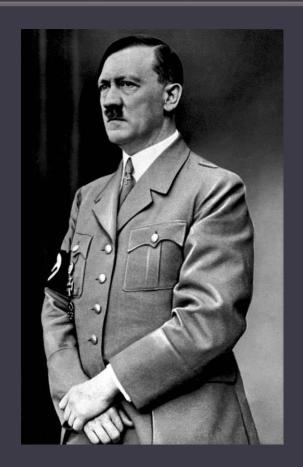
 Eastern Europe was divided among Germany & Russia
- German forces invaded Poland
- Britain declared war on Germany
 - -France joined war as well

Adolf Hitler/Germany

- War tactic: "blitzkrieg" (lightning war)
- Sermany & Russia divided Poland
- Sermany invaded Holland & Belgium (1940)
- German forces entered France
- Axis power controlled majority of continental Europe

Adolf Hitler





Britain & Germany

- Winston Churchill refused a deal with Germany
- Battle of Britain: large air bombing campaign launched by Hitler
- British successful in keeping German army out
- Pressure on Britain was reduced
- German invasion of Soviet Union
 - -Agreement was no longer in effect

U.S. involvement

- The U.S. remained neutral in war up until:
- U.S. froze Japanese assets
- Imposed sanctions
- Japanese bombed U.S. naval station (Pearl Harbor)
- U.S. declared war against Japan
- Sermany declared war against U.S.

After Pearl Harbor

- Churchill & President Roosevelt discussed joint war policy
- Stalin relieved German pressure in the east
- The Allies strategized to weaken Germany on 2 fronts
- Separate of El Alamein -Rommel's army was defeated
 - British caught Axis soldiers off guard
- Allied force landed in Morocco & Algeria
- Rommel's Afrika Korps abolished (1943)

The Battle for Stalingrad

- Hitler's army set out to capture Stalingrad
- City was bombed and left in ruins
- Sermans controlled 90% of ruined city
- Soviet troops outside city attacked
- Germans were trapped & many died
- Soviets pushed Germans westward

Victory in Europe

- Allies plotted an attack against Germany/France
- Invasion of Normandy- June 6, 1944 (D-Day)
 - Largest sea & land attack in history
 - Allies weakened Germany defenses
 - France, Belgium, Luxembourg liberated
- Some Battle of the Bulge- Hitler faced war on 2 fronts
 - Germans retreated
 - Allies continued to show success

Germany surrenders

- Approx. 3 million Allied soldiers approached Berlin from SW
- Approx. 6 million Soviets from the east
- Hitler committed suicide
- → His death implied surrender of 3rd Reich from German military
- War in Europe officially ended after 6 yrs.

Victory in the Pacific

- Allies moved in on Japan
- Truman threatened to bomb Japan unless they surrendered

- Japanese surrendered to General Douglas MacAruthur

Effects- Europe

- Europe was generally ruined
- Large amounts of land left in ruins
- Many people had to move elsewhere
- Nearly 40 million of Euro. Population died
- Terrible living circumstances
- ❤ Famine & disease

Effects- Europe

(continuation)

- Communist Party membership was popular up until...
 - Political takeover
 - Violent strikes
- Communist Parties declined
- Altered political landscape of Europe
- Nations struggled w/ economic + political recovery
- Also faced to deal with war crimes

Effects-Japan

- Major cities left in ruins due to bombings
- 2 million lives lost
- Hiroshima & Nagasaki were wastelands
- Allies stripped Japan of its colonial empire

Hiroshima & Nagasaki



End of WWII

- Treaty between Japan & U.S. officially ended war
- ❤ The U.S. & Japan were now allies
- Soviet Union & U.S. became world's 2 major powers
- Enemies became allies (vice versa)